

Thoughts on Interpretive Approaches to Marjorie Merriweather Post's Biography Visitor Services Volunteer (VSV) Training

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Telling a biographical story is tricky business! There are many choices to make, and some choices can prove more useful than others. Here is some advice on tactics for approaching Post's biography when responding to visitor questions.

Consider tone

- Go for respectful...her accomplishments and qualities are still used as the museum's guiding principles (eg. graciousness).
- Benefit of the doubt...life-stories are complex, people are complex and not perfect...consider how you would like your life decisions to be viewed by someone looking back at them.
- She was a white woman born in 1887 and a citizen of the first three-quarters of the twentieth century. She, like us, is a product of her times, and her times are not our times.

Importance of facts and sources

- Beware of analyzing psychology (her thoughts, intentions, emotions, rationales), and crossing into speculation. In many cases we do not have evidence of them.
- Go back to your sources to verify, dig deeper. The online educational content for volunteers is an excellent resource to go back to again and again. If you hear a new story from volunteers, visitors, or staff, feel free to ask them where it came from. If it can't be verified, make a judgment call: either do not use it until you can find a verifiable source or use the story stating that you haven't been able to verify it.
- "I don't know the answer to that question" is a perfectly acceptable answer. Following up with what you **do** know can make a connection that is just as satisfying to the visitor. "While I do not know how many bedrooms were here, I can tell you that she was not hosting large groups of people overnight at Hillwood. That meant that the bedrooms were for a conservative number of guests, herself, and her staff." If the visitor is very interested in the specific answer to their question, direct them to submit their question to visitor services staff (located at the front desk), who will forward their inquiry onto the appropriate department.
- Our understanding of Post changes over time. For example, new books are published and have added to our understanding of our founder.
- Ask for help if you want a second opinion, run into a sticky spot---from the volunteer management staff and fellow volunteers.

Big take-aways from the biography

Here are some of the main interpretative messages distilled from the biography:

Overall

- Post is a remarkable and influential women of the twentieth-century.
- Post's education, upbringing, skills, and interests shaped her contributions as an astute business executive, deeply caring and generous humanitarian and committed philanthropist.
- Post commanded her wealth from sales of Postum and Grape-Nuts to live a 20th century life of luxury, wielding financial oversight of multiple estates, a large staff, and an art collection.
- She derived satisfaction from putting her money "to work," and particular joy out of her ability to give happiness to others, which she did by tending to business, giving graciously, and indulging guests.

Business

- Post's father C.W. Post groomed his only child to understand the family business so that she was able, in the
 aftermath of her father's suicide, to manage the Postum Cereal Company through a leadership change and
 into growth.
- Her association with what became General Foods was close to her heart: first as daughter of the founder of the Postum Cereal Company, then as owner of Postum Cereal Company, and eventually as a director of General Foods from 1936-58, one of the few women to hold such a position.

Service

• Throughout Post's life, when it came to times of war, large-scale hunger, and opportunities to be an engaged citizen, she chose to be involved, donating her time, money, and thoughtfulness.

Giving

• She lent her business acumen and substantial financial support to a variety of cultural, artistic, and educational institutions, especially programs for young people. Her gifts often included delightful and thoughtful surprises. She funded many longstanding efforts that left enduring marks on arts and education. It was her pleasure to give.

Legacy

• Her lifestyle, collection, mansion, and gardens at Hillwood are here for the public to enjoy, and be inspired and educated by today.

Frequently asked questions on tours about Post's biography and some thoughts and examples....

- Post' name: What is the correct way to refer to her?
 - It changes over time!
 - You may see it many different ways—it's messy!
 - Rule of thumb for us: use full name first (Marjorie Merriweather Post), then use Marjorie Post or Post.
 (You may see some uses of Marjorie by Hillwood, but that usage is being phased out.)
 - Avoid using Mrs. Post (popular in the past, but can be confusing as she didn't marry a Post)
- Post's marriages: How many times did she marry and why so many?
 - Visitors will ask---use the facts!
 - 4 marriages, 4 divorces, from 1905-1964
 - She was married for significant lengths of time with each relationship (last marriage lasted 6 years; earlier 3 ranged from 14-20 years; all years spent married is 50+).
 - To paraphrase Estella Chung: She did not have a perfect life, but she tried her best to make it so.
 - Remember marriages are complicated relationships and we have only 60 minutes on a tour!

Post as an employer

- What kind of an employer was she? Was she a "good" employer?
 - A competitive employer: 35% higher compensation and generous perks; took care of critical-care medical expenses for staff, providing group health insurance in later years
 - Staff response: multiple examples of long-tenured employees; flagpole as gift from staff and contractors on her 75th birthday ("I can't tell you how thrilled I am....this is the one important item which has been missing at Hillwood.")
- How diverse was her staff?
 - Post approached the hiring of the interior household staff with the Eurocentric view that was widely adopted by the very wealthy white class in the 1950s, which was in the tradition of the American country estate.
 - Her employees were both local and foreign hires, some placed by international agencies, and, it appears, most were white.

Post and her wealth

- Was she charitable?
 - No denying: Lived a luxurious lifestyle and enjoyed her life: "I do like beautiful things and it has been my privilege to be able to enjoy them..."

- Marjorie Post on her father's money philosophy, which she was influenced by: "His theory was that money must be kept working and it must be productive. It doesn't amount to anything when you hoard it."
- Ardent philanthropist...ranged from supporting arts organizations like the symphony and ballet, to bringing Vietnam veterans and college students to Hillwood. Much of her philanthropy was focused on the arts, youth, and education.
- Left Hillwood and its collections to the public. She could have made a different choice.
 - Look at her intentionality with homes---turn them into government or educational institutions (Hillwood DC: museum; Hillwood NY: college; Mar-a-Lago: wanted to be southern Camp David).

o Did she use her privilege to help others?

- No denying: Lived a life of exceptional privilege
- She was not a perfect person, but it seems that she had awareness of her privilege and later in life her prescience did extend to the problems of race in her own time.
 - An example: Promoting Diversity at Mount Vernon College Post was a 1904 graduate of what was then the Mount Vernon Seminary and College in Washington, D.C. and a committed supporter of the school for over 40 years. As a trustee and alum, Post actively supported equality in women's education. In a July 15, 1997 oral history interview, Mount Vernon president, Peter Pelham, discussed the difficulties in getting the college to integrate women of color, but added "she was marvelous in her advocacy for Mount Vernon taking a much more diverse role in terms of its admissions." Pelham went on to say:

"She was public on the matter. She spoke up very strongly at the board meetings and in other ways at alumnae meetings. And of course, when alumnae were invited here, as they were frequently, for either garden parties or other activities, she made it quite clear as to how she felt on that. So there was, I think, a nice counterpoint in that sense, and that's what I'm trying to describe of her. There was a larger vision and a view and a recognition of things that needed to be done, at least insofar as Mount Vernon was concerned. And I think this would also have been true if it had been the Boy Scouts or other organizations with which she was affiliated, which was, I think, to her credit -- very much to her credit."